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LABOR CLARION

LEADING ARTICLES—JULY 10, 1925

PRISON LABOR AND PRIVATE PROFIT
KEEP AWAY FROM SANTA BARBARA
WORKING WOMEN
GENIUS WORKS ON GREAT LENS
LEGAL OCCUPATIONAL RESTRICTIONS

SIERRA

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL

WE DON'T PATRONIZE LIST

The concerns named below are on the "We Don't Patronize List" of the San Francisco Labor Council. Members of Labor Unions and sympathizers are requested to cut this out and post it.

American Tobacco Company.
Black and White Cab Company.
Block, J., Butcher, 1351 Taraval.
Compton's Restaurant, 8 Kearny.
Compton's Quick Lunch, 144 Ellis.
Ever-Good Bakery, Haight & Fillmore.
Foster's Lunches.
Gorman & Bennett, Grove.
E. Goss & Co., Cigar Mnfrs., 113 Front.
Gunst, M. A., Cigar Stores.
Great Western Tea Company, 2388 Mission.
Jenny Wren Stores.
Levi Strauss & Co., Garment Makers.
Market Street R. R.
Martinez-Benicia Ferry Co.
National Biscuit Co., Chicago, products.
Phillips Baking Company.
Players' Club.
Regent Theatre.
Schmidt Lithograph Co.
Steinberg's Shoe Store, 1600 Fillmore.
Steinberg's Shoe Store, 2650 Mission.
Torino Bakery, 2823 Twenty-third.
United Cigar Stores.
Yellow Cab Company.
All Barber Shops open on Sunday are unfair.

Labor Council Directory

Labor Council meets every Friday at 8 p.m. at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Secretary's office and headquarters, Room 205, Labor Temple. Executive and Arbitration Committee meets every Monday at 7:30 p.m. Label Section meets first and third Wednesdays at 8 p.m. Headquarters telephone —Market 56. (Please notify Clarion of any Change.)

Alaska Fishermen—Meet Fridays during February, March, April and October, 49 Clay.

Asphalt Workers—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple.

Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers No. 104—Meet Tuesdays, 224 Guerrero.

Auto and Carriage Painters—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 200 Guerrero.

Auto Mechanics No. 1305—Meet Thursdays, 236 Van Ness Ave.

Daggage Messengers—Meet 2nd Monday, 60 Market. Secretary, Chas. Fehl, 636 Ashbury.

Bakers No. 24—Meet 1st and 3rd Saturdays, Labor Temple.

Bakery Wagon Drivers—Meet 2nd and 4th Saturdays, 112 Valencia.

Barbers No. 148—Meet 1st and 3rd Mondays, 112 Valencia.

Bill Posters—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, 230 Jones.

Blacksmith and Helpers—Meet 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, Labor Temple.

Boilermakers No. 6—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.

Bookbinders—Office, room 804, 693 Mission. Meet 3rd Friday, Labor Temple.

Bottlers No. 293—Meet 3rd Tuesday, 177 Capp.

Boxmakers and Sawyers—Meet 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, 177 Capp.

Brewery Drivers—Meet 2nd Monday, 177 Capp.

Brewery Workmen No. 7—Meet 4th Thursday, 177 Capp.

Broom Makers—Meet last Saturday, Labor Temple.

Butchers No. 115—Meet Wednesday, Labor Temple.

Butchers No. 508—Meet 1st and 3rd Fridays, Masonic Hall, Third and Newcomb Sts.

Casket Workers No. 9—Meet 1st Tuesday, 16th and Valencia.

Cemetery Workers—Meet 1st and 3rd Saturdays, Labor Temple.
Cigarmakers—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 177 Capp.
Chauffeurs—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, California Hall, Turk and Polk.
Cooks No. 44—Meet 1st and 4th Thursdays at 8:30 p.m., 3rd Thursday at 2:30 p.m., 580 Eddy.
Coopers No. 65—Meet 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple.
Cracker Bakers No. 125—Meet 3rd Monday, Labor Temple.
Cracker Packers' Auxiliary—Meet 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, 1524 Powell.
Draftsmen No. 11—Sec., Ivan Flamm, 261 Octavia St., Apt. 4.
Dredgemen No. 898—Meet 1st and 3rd Sundays, 105 Market.
Electrical Workers No. 151—Meet Thursdays, 112 Valencia.
Electrical Workers No. 6—Meet Wednesdays, 200 Guerrero.
Electrical Workers 537, Cable Splicers.
Egg Inspectors—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple.
Elevator Constructors and Operators—Meet 1st and 3rd Fridays, 200 Guerrero.
Federal Employees No. 1—Office, 746 Pacific Building. Meet 1st Tuesday, 414 Mason.
Federation of Teachers No. 61—Meet 2nd Monday, Room 227, City Hall.
Ferryboatmen's Union—Meet every other Wednesday, 59 Clay.
Garage Employees—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, 236 Van Ness Ave.
Garment Cutters—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Garment Workers No. 131—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays at 5 p.m., 2nd at 8 p.m., Labor Temple.
Glove Workers—Meet 1st Tuesday, Labor Temple.
Grocery Clerks—Meet 1st Thursday, Labor Temple.
Hatters No. 23—Sec., Jonas Grace, 1114 Mission.
Ice Drivers—Sec., V. Hummel, 3532 Anza. Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple.
Iron, Steel and Tin Workers—Sec., John Coward, R. F. D. 1, Box 137, Colma, Cal. Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday, Metropolitan Hall, So. S. F.
Janitors No. 9—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Label Section—Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, Labor Temple.
Labor Council—Meets Fridays, Labor Temple.
Laundry Drivers—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple.
Laundry Workers No. 26—Meet 1st and 3rd Mondays, Labor Temple.
Letter Carriers—Sec., Thos. P. Tierney, 635a Castro. Meets 1st Saturday, 414 Mason.
Lithographers No. 17—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, 273 Golden Gate Ave.
Longshore Lumbermen—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Machinists No. 68—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple.
Mailers No. 18—Sec., George Wyatt, 3854 19th St. Meets 3rd Sunday, Labor Temple.
Material Teamsters No. 216—Meet Wednesdays, 200 Guerrero.
Metal Polishers—Meet 1st and 3rd Mondays, Labor Temple.
Milk Wagon Drivers—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple.
Miscellaneous Employees No. 110—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, 218 Fourth St.
Molders No. 164—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple.
Molders' Auxiliary—Meet 1st Friday.
Moving Picture Operators—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, 230 Jones.
Musicians No. 6—Meet 2nd Thursday; Ex. Board, Tuesday, 230 Jones.
Office Employees—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple. Office, 305 Labor Temple.
Pattenmakers—Meet 2nd and 4th Fridays, Labor Temple.
Pavers—Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple.
Paste Makers No. 10567—Meet last Saturday of month, 441 Broadway.
Photo Engravers—Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple.
Picture Frame Workers—Sec., W. Wilgus, 461 Andover. Meet 1st Friday, Labor Temple.
Post Office Clerks—Meet 4th Thursday, Labor Temple.
Printing Pressmen—Office, 231 Stevenson. Meets 2nd Monday, Labor Temple.
Professional Embalmers—Sec., George Monahan, 3300 16th St.
Poultry Dressers No. 17732—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple.
Rammermen—Sec., Chas. M. Gillen, 811 Vienna. Meet 2nd Monday.
Retail Clerks No. 432—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, 150 Golden Gate Ave.
Retail Shoe Salesmen No. 410—Meet Tuesdays, 273 Golden Gate Ave.
Retail Delivery Drivers—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Watchmen No. 15689—Sec., E. Coumhan, 106 Bosworth. Meets 3rd Thursday, Labor Temple.
Waitresses No. 48—Meet 1st and 3rd Wednesdays at 8 p.m., 2nd and last at 3 p.m., 1171 Market.
Water Workers—Sec., Thos. Dowd, 214 27th St. Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple.
Web Pressmen—Meet 4th Sunday, Labor Temple.



A Good Place to Trade
COURTEOUS SERVICE
BROAD ASSORTMENTS
MODERATE PRICES

MARKET AT FIFTH
SAN FRANCISCO

LABOR CLARION

The Official Journal of the San Francisco Labor Council

VOL. XXIV

SAN FRANCISCO, FRIDAY, JULY 10, 1925

No. 23

Prison Labor and Private Profit

Prison labor for private profit is the most generously tax-subsidized industry in the United States. Politicians have dealt generously with many great industrial organizations, but to none have they shown such tender, paternal love as to the Prison Labor Trust. Railroad magnates, bankers and captains of industry who father "infant industries" are generally thought to be very fortunate in being "bottle fed" by the taxpayers, but never have they fared so well, nor been handed such "rich pickings" as have the prison labor contractors. Compared to the men who exploit convict labor, ordinary trust magnates are but hungry outcast step-children who are forced to subsist on the scanty crumbs that fall from the public table.

"Old Jim" Hill was considered a past grand master of the gentle art of "getting his" from public officials and legislatures, but he was a mere babe in the woods compared to Milton F. Goodman, the master mind of the prison labor trust. By some strange process of reasoning the American People seem to have arrived at the conclusion that the man who exploits convicts' labor performs a great social service, and thereby have earned unusual rewards. So these wily gentry have not only been able to pile up enormous fortunes by prison labor contracts, but they have also been able to pose as public benefactors, philanthropists and model citizens. They have padded religious, social service and prison reform organizations, and gathered to themselves both wealth and respectability.

The favored gentlemen who operate their factories in prisons are presented by the taxpayers with rent, heat, light, drayage, power, supervision of working force, and labor, fed, housed, clothed and enslaved, for which they pay less than one-sixth of the going wage in a given industry. Then, to crown our paternalistic generosity the convict labor exploiters, or their private employers are given absolute and despotic control of the discipline of the prisons where they operate, and they are permitted to work the convicts under the vicious "task" system. The "task" demanded in every instance a greater production than free workers achieve. Almost universally the prison labor contractor's foreman has the determining in the administration of punishments, and nine-tenths of all punishments administered to prisoners are for failure to make the "task" and not for bad behavior. No other industry has ever succeeded in inducing the taxpayers to pay all of the "overhead" and the state to provide slave labor at a fraction of cost of maintenance. Yet this is exactly what the prison labor exploiters have "put over" on the American people.

Imagine how the taxpayers of the State of Missouri for instance, would roar in outrage if the elected decided to subsidize the Lee Overall Co., to the extent of paying all the overhead and then furnish labor, and maintenance for same, paid for from public funds, and at less than one dollar per day. And further imagine how the other garment manufacturers would protest if they had to go out in the open market and sell their products, for which they pay the "overhead" and made by free workers receiving a living wage, and in competition the tax-subsidized products. Yet that is what the State of Missouri is doing for David Oberman, prison labor exploiter, who not only has this

nice juicy political plum handed him on a silver dish, but is also honored by being appointed a "Colonel" on the governor's staff.

Just imagine what a howl of indignation would go up from the taxpayers of, say Oklahoma for example, if the elected should decide that because John D. Rockefeller was pious and godly gentleman who goes to church regularly every Sunday, and furnishes us with "juice" for our flivvers—all of the "overhead" of the Standard Oil Co. of Oklahoma should be paid by the taxes extracted from the producers and business men of that State. And further imagine that in appreciation of the fact that the aforesaid John D. sets a good example before the people in frugality and moderation by living on skimmed milk and crackers, the officers of the law should gather up all the social misfits, delinquents and criminals, feed, shelter and clothe them, provide medical care, and a force of men to guard them and keep them at their jobs, then hand this labor over to the Standard Oil Co. for a few cents per day. How long would it take those Oklahoma "Sooners" to go on political strike and clean out the State house? Yet this is exactly what the State officials of Oklahoma do for Milton E. Goodman and his Cherokee Mfg. Co., which makes "Big Yank" shirts in the Oklahoma State penitentiary.

Think what would have to happen if organized labor in Florida should demand that the taxpayers pay the "overhead" and furnish the labor to run the State Federation of Labor for less than a dollar per day. Would not there be one terrible wail about the greed and selfishness of labor? Yet this is what the elected officials of Florida do for Salant & Salant who use convicts in the state prison to operate a shirt factory.

Some boobs! We American people! Yea, verily we are.—And don't forget for a moment that these conditions could not exist for thirty days if the taxpayers refused to patronize the convict labor contractors who are "skinning them alive," and every member of organized labor and every decent minded citizen demanded a union label on their purchases.

Don't waste your breath cussing the politicians and prison labor contractors. STOP BUYING PRISON MADE GOODS!

Demand the Union Label!

"INDUSTRIAL YEGGS."

In a speech that would discount a soapboxer's denunciation of profiteers, President McLaurin of the American Wholesale Grocers' Association referred to manufacturers and distributors as "industrial yeggs."

He denounced the greed which is driving these business men into practices which, even two decades ago, "would have brought the blush of shame to the face of thoughtful, God-fearing, man-loving men."

"We speak glibly," he said, "of the rights of the manufacturer and, as wholesalers, talk smugly about the protection of our own interests, but I hear very little said concerning the welfare of the consumer for whom this food is produced and distributed."

The consumer, he continued, has been forgotten and the path from the factory to the market basket has been strewn with industrial yeggs.

KEEP AWAY FROM SANTA BARBARA.

The State Labor Commissioner, Walter G. Mathewson, today issued the following statement regarding conditions of employment in Santa Barbara:

"Owing to grossly exaggerated reports concerning the real extent of the earthquake in Santa Barbara, thousands of men, especially building trades workers, are flocking to this city in the hope of finding lucrative employment. But as a matter of fact, Santa Barbara is fully supplied with resident workers thrown out of jobs on account of the shock, and all newcomers find it necessary to retrace their steps to whence they came. The Secretary of the Santa Barbara Chamber of Commerce and labor experts are authorities for the statement that neither jobs nor sleeping accommodations can now be found at Santa Barbara for the extra throngs of job seekers streaming into the afflicted city. Workers are therefore warned not to waste their time and money by going to Santa Barbara to find work without first making sure of jobs through the state free employment offices or other agencies, as is done in normal times."

MUCH MEXICAN LAND HELD.

Secretary of State Kellogg's recent belligerent note to Mexico comes at a time when the Mexican government in attempting to regain vast areas of land that were turned over to foreign syndicates by President Diaz.

A concession of 175,000 acres to Pierson & Sons, Ltd., England, illustrates how land of the Mexican people was taken from them with the aid of reactionary officials.

The English concern contracted with Diaz in 1894 to build a railroad in the state of Vera Cruz. As a subsidy the company would receive a certain number of acres of land on both sides of the railroad for each kilometer (five-eighths of a mile) of road. During the next six years the company built 28 kilometers of the road and received from the government 175,000 acres of land in one of the most fertile regions of Vera Cruz.

The contract stipulated that the road should be operated and do a general transportation business between El Juile and San Juan Evangelista. The company abandoned the road in 1912.

The company, however, enjoys possession of the land that brings rich income. The government is now taking steps to cancel the contract.

AN UNAUTHORIZED PUBLICATION.

We have been informed that solicitors are in the field soliciting advertisements for a so-called Blue Book or Labor Directory in the Bay region and that representations are being made to the effect that the publication is official in character, and we desire to state positively that no authority has been granted by organized labor of the Bay region for any such publication. As a matter of fact it is against the long-established policy of the labor movement of this city and State to sanction publications other than the regularly published official organs, and that policy has been rigidly adhered to for more than fifteen years. Merchants and businessmen are, therefore, warned against accepting statements to the contrary made by advertising solicitors.

THE HIBERNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Market, McAllister and Jones Streets, San Francisco
(Mission Office, Twenty-second and Valencia Streets)

Statement of Condition June 30, 1925

ASSETS

Bonds of the United States (\$11,000,000.00), of the State of California and the Counties, Cities and School Districts thereof (\$18,844,848.87), of the State of New York (\$894,000.00), of the State of Nevada (\$100,000.00), of the State of Oregon (\$51,000.00), of the County of Lane, Ore. (\$200,000.00), of the County of Douglas, Ore. (\$147,000.00), of the County of Bergen, N. J. (\$120,000.00), of the County of Jackson, Ore. (\$84,000.00), of the County of Clackamas, Ore. (\$73,950.00), of the City of New York (\$1,139,000.00), of the City of Cleveland, Ohio (\$105,000.00), of the City of St. Paul, Minn. (\$100,000.00), of the City of Jersey City, N. J. (\$50,000.00), of the City of Portland, Ore. (\$50,000.00), of the City of Dayton, Ohio (\$25,000.00), the actual value of which is.....	\$33,140,101.36
Miscellaneous Bonds, comprising Quasi-Public Corporation Bonds and Real Estate Mortgage Bonds (\$2,959,000.00), the actual value of which is	2,900,513.00
Total Actual Value	\$36,040,614.36
Cash on Hand	3,183,073.61
Promissory Notes and the debts thereby secured, the actual value of which is	41,522,397.31
Said Promissory Notes are all existing Contracts, owned by said Corporation, and the payment thereof is secured by First Mortgages on Real Estate within this State, and the States of Oregon, Nevada, Washington and Utah.	
Promissory Notes and the debts thereby secured, the actual value of which is	164,795.00
Said Promissory Notes are all existing Contracts, owned by said Corporation, and the payment thereof is secured by pledge of Bonds and other securities.	
Real Estate situate in the Counties of San Mateo (\$20,000.00), Monterey (\$49,000.00), and San Luis Obispo (\$71,000.00) in this State, the actual value of which is.....	140,000.00
The Lands and Buildings in which said Corporation keeps its offices, the actual value of which is.....	1,018,765.68
TOTAL ASSETS.....	\$82,069,645.96

LIABILITIES

Said Corporation Owes Deposits amounting to and the actual value of which is	\$75,896,203.67
Reserve Fund	6,173,442.29
TOTAL LIABILITIES.....	\$82,069,645.96

THE HIBERNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,
By E. J. Tobin, President.

THE HIBERNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,
By D. J. Buckley, Acting Secretary.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA / s.s.
City and County of San Francisco

E. J. TOBIN and D. J. BUCKLEY, being each duly sworn, each for himself, says: That said E. J. TOBIN is President and that said D. J. BUCKLEY is Acting Secretary of THE HIBERNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY, the Corporation above named, and that the foregoing statement is true.

E. J. TOBIN, President.
D. J. BUCKLEY, Acting Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of July, 1925.
CHAS. T. STANLEY,
Notary Public in and for the City and County of San Francisco, State of California.

SAN FRANCISCO OAKLAND BERKELEY
SCHLUETER'S
FOR SERVICE
Electric Washing Machines—All Makes
2762 Mission Street San Francisco
Phones Mission 390 and 391

"GOOD CLOTHES ON CREDIT"



FURNITURE DRAPERIES CARPETS
BEDDING
On the EASIEST TERMS

EASTERN OUTFITTING CO.
1017 MARKET STREET, ABOVE SIXTH
We Give and Redeem American Trading Stamps

REDLICK-NEWMAN CO.
COMPLETE HOME FURNISHERS
Southeast Corner - 17th and Mission Sts.

COMPLETE HOME FURNISHERS
ON CREDIT
HEADQUARTERS FOR
OCCIDENTAL
STOVES AND RANGES

Coffee That Is?
MISSION DAIRY LUNCH
COR. 16TH AND VALENCIA STS.
S. C. Trauger, Prop.

You're right!
I wear
CAN'T BUST'EM
overalls

They guarantee
if the sewing ever rips
I'll get a new pair or
my money back.



CAN'T BUST'EM
OVERALLS
UNION MADE

WORKING WOMEN.

Facts about working women—their number, occupations, nationality, age, and marital status, their wages and hours of work—graphically presented by means of easily read charts—constitute a handbook just issued by the Women's Bureau of the U. S. Department of Labor. The study is based on census statistics and investigations of the Women's Bureau.

Ranking high in importance and interest are the facts relating to the ages of the eight and a half million women in the United States who earn their own living and in so many instances contribute to the support of their families as well. It is perhaps not generally realized that one in every five working women is less than 20 years old, and that more than one in every five is between the ages of 20 and 24 years. In fact, at least two-fifths of the women who work are under 25 years old. Another two-fifths are between 25 and 44 years of age.

With working men, on the other hand, it is different. While nearly half of the men at work fall into the 25 to 44 year group, nearly one in every three is more than 44 years old, in contrast to only one in six women. Again about one in eight men is between 20 and 24 years old, and only about one in every ten is under 20 years.

Most of the women under 25 years of age are employed in manufacturing and clerical work, with domestic and personal service occupations ranking next. Among women of 25 and over, the greatest number are employed in domestic and personal service, with manufacturing industries ranking second up to 65 years, after which agriculture takes second place.

Or, to state this in another way, nearly half of the women in manufacturing industries, practically two-fifths of those in agricultural jobs, in trades and in professions, and two-thirds in transportation are less than 25 years old in contrast to scarcely one-quarter of those in domestic and personal service who are so young as that. Thus, in addition to the fact that more women are employed in domestic service than in any other group of occupations, even though their actual number has decreased considerably since 1910, we find that three-quarters of them are over 24 years of age and that two-fifths of these, or nearly one-third the total number, are more than 44 years old.

Of the two million married women at work, one-half of whom are native-white and one-third negro, three-fifths are between 25 and 44 years of age, while another fifth are over 44 years.

Native white-women greatly predominate among working women, taking the lead in all occupational groups, excepting two—agriculture, in which they are outnumbered by negro women, and domestic service in which more of both negro and foreign-born women are employed.

South Carolina stands out as the State having the greatest proportion of its women at work—more than one-third—and West Virginia as having the smallest proportion—about one-ninth.

In regard to women's earnings and hours of work in industrial occupations, the charts in the present publication show at a glance that usually, in the states surveyed by the Women's Bureau, where the higher percentage of women worked a reasonably short week higher wages prevailed. For instance, in Rhode Island nearly seven tenths of the women covered had a scheduled week of 48 hours or less, and a median wage of \$16.85—by far the highest median for any of the states investigated. This means that in Rhode Island half of the women earned more and half less than this amount, which, however, little more than equals the minimum amount paid to all the women in the industries of California under the minimum wage law of that state. In South Carolina and Alabama, on the other hand, with medians of only \$9.50 and \$8.80 a week, respectively, only 5.8 and 12.5 per cent, respectively, had a scheduled week as short as 48 hours.

GENIUS WORKS ON GREAT LENS.

By Sam Hawkins in "The Bulletin"

Hurrying to finish the task before he passes on, H. C. Williams, last of the great telescope makers of the nation, is busy every day and often far into the night in his basement shop at 1555-A Sacramento street, manufacturing telescopes for the observatory the Knights of Columbus are building at the University of Santa Clara for Father Jerome Ricard, the "padre of the rains."

Work has almost been completed by Williams on a big solar telescope, the largest of its kind in the world, at which Father Ricard can sit and study the spots on the sun. After that has been trucked away to Santa Clara, Williams probably will start on the construction of a huge five-foot telescope for studying the stars.

In all, four or five years of work stretch out ahead of Williams and sometimes he wonders if he will get through. He is 77 years old now, has a keen eye, is not feeble, takes a huge interest in his labors and yet, as he said today, he doesn't know if he will make it.

Once Williams was a newspaper man. In San Francisco years ago he worked on the morning papers. A natural love of science drew Williams into his present business.

The telescope Williams is making for Father Ricard is to cost around \$30,000. It is what is known as a "double reflector telescope," having two sets of mirrors through which the image of the sun will go before it reaches the human eye.

The Williams telescope has lenses 18 inches in diameter.

Williams has one great pal and assistant, David Walsh, 1555 Sacramento street.

Williams has been a member of the Typographical Union since shortly after he was mustered out of the army at the close of the Civil War and is now a member of Typographical Union No. 21 of this city.

WATERFRONT WORKERS.

All longshoremen, warehousemen, lumber handlers, dock clerks and checkers are invited to attend a mass meeting in the Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp streets, Sunday, July 12, at 11 a.m. The meeting is to be held under the auspices of the Labor Council for the purpose of setting forth the conditions that now prevail on the waterfront under the blue book control and to give the men who are suffering as a consequence of the lack of organization an opportunity to become affiliated with the local labor movement as a means of bettering their conditions. Prominent representatives of the organized workers will occupy the platform and deliver addresses to the assembled workers. It is also desired that the women folks be brought to the meeting so that they may gain first-hand information concerning the situation. Sunday, July 12, at 11 a.m., is the time, and the Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets, the place.

TEAMSTERS ORGANIZE.

Thermopolis, Wyo., teamsters have organized and are chartered by the Brotherhood of Teamsters. The new union includes chauffeurs.

JULIUS S. GODEAU
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER
41 VAN NESS AVE.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
PRIVATE EXCHANGE MARKET 711
OAKLAND STOCKTON
FUNERAL SERVICE THAT SAVES AND SERVES

The States
Restaurant
MARKET AT 4TH, SAN FRANCISCO

W D Fernmore A R Fernmore

California Optical Co.
Makers of Good Glasses

Prices
Always
Reasonable
Eyes Tested
Satisfaction
Guaranteed

2508 MISSION STREET, SAN FRANCISCO
181 Post Street.....San Francisco
1221 Broadway.....Oakland
2106 Shattuck Avenue.....Berkeley
We Give Mission Street Merchant Coupons

SUMMERFIELD & HAINES

UNION-MADE CLOTHING
Cor. Agents
Sixth & Market. CARHARTT OVERALLS

**SAVE MONEY**

by making all
your purchases in
stores located on

MISSION STREET
16th to 26th and Army
MISSION ST. MERCHANTS ASSN.

Custom Made Suits

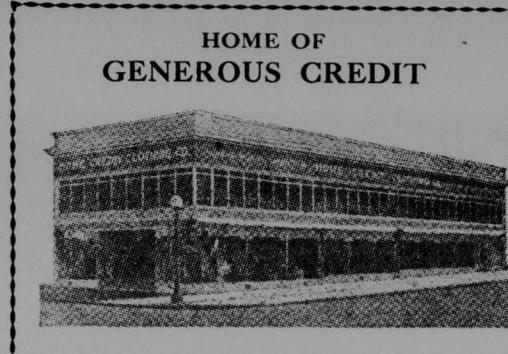
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2500 Mission Street

UNION MADE

UNION MADE



Labor Clarion

Published Weekly by the S. F. Labor Council



Single subscriptions \$1.50 a year
To unions subscribing for their entire membership, \$1.00 a year for each subscription.

Single Copies, 5 cents

Changes of address or additions to unions' mail lists must come through the secretary of each organization. Members are notified that this is obligatory. Entered at Postoffice, San Francisco, California, as second-class matter. Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in section 1103, Act of October 3, 1917, authorized August 10, 1918.

JAMES W. MULLEN, Editor
Telephone Market 56
Office, S. F. Labor Temple, 2940 Sixteenth Street
MEMBER OF
UNITED LABOR PRESS OF CALIFORNIA

FRIDAY, JULY 10, 1925

Gradually the system of leasing convicts to greedy employers to be abused and persecuted for profit is being wiped out, and it is hoped that before many years go by it will be a thing of the past in the United States. There are, however, still a great many states which operate factories in their penitentiaries and allow the products to come into direct competition with free labor. This system works great hardship upon many workers who lead decent, respectable lives, and it should be stopped as well as the more vicious scheme of leasing the convicts to exploiters.

"Reforms come from below. No man with four aces howls for a new deal," says the Kenosha, Wisconsin, News. Reforms do come from below, and must come from below because those on top naturally will not relinquish their advantages unless someone protests the unfairness of the situation, and even then most of them will exert every energy to maintain their advantageous position whether right or wrong. That is why those below must always be alert and intelligent in their own interests and ought to strive to bring the highest possible intelligence to their assistance. No one could long remain on top in an unfair position if it were not for the fact that the masses of the people at the bottom are either unintelligent or lazy.

In the event of war mere treaties or agreements not to use this, that or the other instrument of destruction amount to very little. If a nation sees an opportunity to gain an advantage by the use of some weapon it has agreed not to use it will not hesitate to violate its agreement. That was clearly demonstrated in the world war. Some pressure stronger than a mere agreement must be brought to bear to compel combatants to live up to their bargains or they will pay no attention to them. The way to avoid the use of poison gas and disease germs in war is to avoid or prevent war. Then there will be no violation of contracts, and there seems to be no other way. The League of Nations and the World Court are the very best means devised by man up to the present time to avoid war and the United States ought to get in and do its part toward bringing about such a happy consummation. The fellow who insists upon having his own way about everything cannot hope to avoid becoming involved in fights, and by the same token the Nation that acts in a similar manner cannot hope to escape being drawn into wars.

Legal Occupational Restrictions

The constantly growing list of occupations that a citizen may not pursue without the consent of some state board or commission and the increasing demand for additions to the list has attracted the attention of a great many people during the past several years and has caused considerable comment for and against the system. To such an extent has the discussion of the subject gone on that the Commonwealth Club of California has decided to have a committee take up the subject for serious investigation and report in order that some light may be thrown upon it, and, if possible, some conclusion reached as to its valuable or harmful influences upon society.

The committee has as its chairman, Professor Victor J. West, of Stanford University. Professor West is in the Department of Political Science in the University, and is a man trained in research work, so that it is assured that the study will be directed along lines that will guarantee accuracy and thoroughness, and for that reason the data gathered should be of such character as to make it possible for those in search of truth to come to some conclusion as to the advisability of checking or broadening the scope of the system.

At the beginning of its study the committee will collect data on present and proposed restrictions along the following lines:

Occupations now restricted by state law, requiring license examinations.

Further restrictions proposed.

Restrictions adopted in other states.

Purpose of restrictions in public or private benefit.

Constitutional limitations, if any, on such restrictions.

The occupational caste system in other nations.

Past results and probable future effects of restrictions on freedom of choice of occupations.

A thorough investigation of these phases of the situation will require considerable time and a great amount of work and when this program has been completed it is likely the study will be so extended as to include every phase of this important question.

Everyone, of course, will concede that there are a number of lines of endeavor that it is absolutely necessary for the state to regulate as a means of protecting the general public, but there are those who feel that the practice has been carried altogether too far and that in many instances the legislation has been prompted by a desire on the part of those engaged in particular lines to create something closely resembling a monopoly for themselves and with no idea whatever of benefiting the public in any possible way. In proof of this the licensing of real estate operators and agents is frequently pointed to as an instance of this kind, but those engaged in that business vigorously deny that they had any such idea in mind in urging such legislation. They say they did it in order to protect the public against the numerous sharks that were hoodwinking the public out of millions every year in the State of California. The investigation started will doubtless throw some light on this proposition before it is concluded and be of considerable value in many other directions.

At every session of the California Legislature a number of bills are introduced providing for examination and licensing of this, that and the other trade, profession or calling, and if allowed to go on indefinitely we will soon have arrived at a stage wherein it will be necessary, if a man desires to hang a picture on the wall of his home, for him to first proceed to some board or commission and obtain a license or permit so to do. At any rate the study can do no harm and may be productive of great good.

FLUCTUATING SENTIMENTS

No prohibitionist can possibly be an evolutionist because their theory is that men never know when they have enough, and an Anaheim paper says animals can not be related to man because none of them keep on grabbing for more when they have enough.

Reports from Los Angeles are to the effect that all of the printing for the baseball club of that city is being done in non-union establishments, and Wrigley, owner of the club, also has his printing done in non-union shops. This would seem to indicate a disposition on his part to support the so-called American plan wherever possible.

The union label on an article is the very best possible guarantee that can be had that the commodity was produced under decent conditions by well paid and intelligent workers, and that it is worth the price paid for it. The greater the demand for the union label the greater the degree of justice toward the wage workers. If you want to bring about better conditions for the toilers the best way to assist is by demanding the union label on all purchases.



NOW--

Savings accounts opened in
any of our banks will earn
 $4\frac{1}{4}\%$ interest from July 1st.

TYPOGRAPHICAL TOPICS

John W. Jones, one of No. 21's pensioner members for many years, passed away at his home in Oakland, Sunday, July 5, 1925, the cause of death being given as chronic myocarditis. Mr. Jones was a native of Bermuda, aged 74 years, and had been a resident of California for eighteen years. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Emily H. Jones, and several sons and daughters. The funeral was held Wednesday, July 8, from the funeral parlors of Grant D. Miller, Oakland, and interment was made in Evergreen Cemetery, Oakland.

Death claimed a second member of No. 21 when H. T. Meade, one of the proprietors of the Knight-Counihan office, passed away at St. Mary's Hospital, Wednesday, July 8, 1925. Mr. Meade was a native of San Francisco, and was 41 years and seven months of age. Cancer of the throat was the cause of his death. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Hattie Meade, and one daughter aged seven years. The funeral will be held Saturday, July 11, from Monahan's funeral parlors at Sixteenth and Dolores streets. From there the cortege will move to Mission Dolores, where solemn high mass will be said for the repose of the soul, and burial will be made in Holy Cross Cemetery.

Plans for this union's participation in the Labor Day parade are progressing, and meetings of various committees will be held next week at which it is hoped to form some definite plans of action. Monday, July 13, the lady members of the union have been invited to meet at the union's headquarters to form a committee and devise plans for their participation in the celebration. Tuesday, July 14, every apprentice member has been invited to meet and devise plans for their participation, and Wednesday, July 15, the general committee of 25 has been called for a conference. The responses received from several chapels visited by executive officers of the union and committee lead us to believe that practically all members of the union will be in line of march on Labor Day.

The quarterly meeting of the mutual Aid Society will be held in the Labor Temple, Sunday, July 12, at 2 p.m., and Secretary Springer announces that there will be considerable business of importance to the membership to come before the society.

Beginning with the first financial week in August, the new per capita rate will be effective, and Secretary Michelson desires to call attention to those who are somewhat in arrears to pay clean up back payments and begin the month with a clean slate. Otherwise considerable confusion will result, which might be detrimental to those now a month or so behind in their dues.

A. G. Clark, secretary of the San Mateo Union, is a patient at Letterman General Hospital, where he underwent an operation on his leg. Mr. Clark was struck by an automobile several months ago while crossing the peninsula highway in San Mateo and the bones of the leg which were broken did not properly knit, and it was necessary that

BRING IT DOWN

Ambition without a savings account is like a rifle without a bullet. To bring down opportunity you must be prepared when it flies past. For your future, save each pay-day.

HUMBOLDT BANK
SAVINGS COMMERCIAL TRUST
783 Market Street, near Fourth
San Francisco, California

this operation be performed. He is getting along nicely.

F. C. Van Schaick of the Mergenthal force sailed Wednesday for Honolulu, where he will make a tour of inspection for the company.

Floyd Parks, member of the executive committee, returned the latter part of last week from a trip through Southern California accompanied by his wife.

The marriage license column of local papers last week carried announcement of the issuance of a marriage license to Clyde E. Bruegger and Mrs. Josephine Perry of Sacramento.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Mann and children crossed over from Oakland on the last boat Tuesday night when returning from their outing at Myers, up near Lake Tahoe. C. W. reports fishing better this season than for several years. His luck was excellent and he dried some of his catch to bring home to friends. If these same friends are to be believed, the fish had only one drawback—not enough of it.

Bulletin Chapel Notes—By L. L. Heagney.

A kangaroo court haled Wild Bill Davy before it Friday a week ago, Night Chairman Vann stating the charge against him was leaving without asking his or any other chapel member's permission, not even the apprentice's; also he had foremanized unethically, very plainly inferring W. M. had skippered in a manner to suit a gang of typos, a thing unheard of, nothing or nobody heretofore ever having been known to do so. William Bill saying he hadn't much of an excuse to offer for taking a vacation, Vann then announced a punishment to fit the crime would be meted—he should be banished to the mountains for a month and the chapel would present him a box of el ropos to lend reason for the sign on the rear of his car, "Excuse my smoke."

Birthdays come to Oscar De Leuw the same as to human beings, but it's more than probable nobody knows his age; it's the one and only subject upon which the prolix Oscar refuses to air his adenoids. But, youthful or ancient, he passed another milestone recently, which was made memorable by Mrs. De Leuw presenting him a handsome platinum timepiece of Howard manufacture.

Annually Walter O. Herrill, monotypist and machinist, San Diego Union, drives to this region for recreation and change of climate. This year he was the guest of Assistant Foreman Charley White, himself a former resident of the southern metropolis, who found time to show Mr. Herrill all the points of interest.

A card from George Dillon, dated New Orleans, tells of meeting Charley Gerlach, printer aboard a ship running out of the Louisiana town, but formerly a Bulletin typo, who sent his regards to San Francisco friends. George also said he missed the gang and wished they were there, but on the reverse of his card a cemetery was pictured!

Chronicle Chapel Notes—By H. J. Benz.

Semi-annual reports of officers of the Chronicle Mutual Benefit Society for the half-yearly period ending June 30, 1925, show a gain in total assets of \$360.50 for the six months. The society paid \$280 in sick benefits to five members. Other expenditures were: Salary of secretary-treasurer, \$60; account books, \$3.50; total, \$63.50. The con-

DIVIDEND NOTICE
ASSOCIATED SAVINGS BANKS OF SAN FRANCISCO

HUMBOLDT BANK, 783 Market Street, near Fourth; Bush-Montgomery Branch, Mills Bldg.—For the half year ending June 30, 1925, a dividend has been declared at the rate of four (4) per cent per annum on savings deposits, payable on and after JULY 1, 1925. Dividends not called for bear interest from July 1, 1925. Money deposited on or before July 10, 1925, will earn interest from July 1, 1925. H. C. KLEVESAHLL, Cashier.

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*You are welcome here
any time between
nine in the morning
and twelve midnight.
"Use Our Night Service"*

Head Office Market at Mason Branch Mission at 23rd

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Mission at 16th
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FOR THE
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EASY TERMS**

Sterling
FURNITURE COMPANY
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1049 MARKET STREET
GRANADA THEATRE DIRECTLY OPP.

We carry a complete run of all sizes of this well-known and well-made overall.

DAVIS' DEPT. STORE
MISSION, NEAR TWENTY-SECOND

HEADLIGHT OVERALLS
UNION MADE

"Guaranteed to Outwear two Ordinary Pair"

dition of the society's finances is reflected in the following table:

	Jan. 1,	July 1,	
General Fund:	1925	1925	Increase
Cash on hand.....	\$432.95	\$514.45	\$ 81.50
Loan Fund:			
Loans outstanding.....	475.00	740.00	265.00
Cash on hand.....	10.45	24.45	14.00
Total assets	\$918.40	\$1278.90	\$360.50

The semi-annual meeting and election of officers will be held immediately following the July chapel meeting.

David Hughes, the singing Welchman, who keeps the wheels of progress slowly turning in the plant during the day—in other words, day foreman—decided it was time he saw other sections of California, so he is on a two-week inspection tour of the southern part of the State. This is Dave's first sojourn away from the Bay district since he arrived in San Francisco to work for the Chronicle 35 years ago. He was a mere lad then, having just completed his apprenticeship in the land whence all good Welchmen come from, and started out to conquer the world; he is still trying to conquer the stubborn printer.

When Sid Tiers left on a vacation about two weeks ago, he declared it was to consist principally of rest, but little did Sid know what was in store for him. He found a cool, quiet spot along the Russian River and stretched himself on the ground under a shady tree to remain until he felt like getting up, but the screams of a bathing beauty brought him quickly to his feet; and Sid claims he saved her single handed. Sighing contentedly, Sid sought another quiet place, and when he came to he realized he had to drive most of the night to get back in time, so he started out for home with the Lizzie and family at record speed. After traveling some distance he saw a red flash, heard a loud report and the windshield of his flivver was in splinters, which caused several painful cuts on Sid's right hand. After much explaining that he was no bootlegger, Sid decided then and there that night driving was bad, so Sid returned a day late.

W. O. A. (Bill) Townsell left the first part of the week for a month's vacation, which will be passed at Del Monte. Bill expects to devote most of his time to sports and motoring when free from social duties.

C. C. (Lightnin') Tyree took all of last week off in order to celebrate the Fourth, not, as he said, in the manner one would at first suppose, but in sort of a Ponce de Leon fashion and to rest his eyes.

W. E. Landers, accompanied by his parents and sister, left the latter part of last week for Lake County, where they expect to enjoy the life of a summer resort for two weeks.

O. K. Swiggett and Mrs. Swiggett returned last week from an ocean voyage to Los Angeles. Orrie said the sea was calm alongside the quake they experienced in the southern city, but otherwise they had a very pleasant trip.

An angry lady rushed into the Marriage License Bureau. In her hand she bore a license. To the clerk she said:

"Did you, or did you not, issue this license for marrying me to Albert Briggs?"

"Yes. I believe we did. Why?"

"Well, what are you going to do about it," she demanded, "he's escaped!"—Holly Leaves.

Phone Hemlock 5233
WE SPECIALIZE ON FAMILY WORK
FELIX
CLEANING AND DYEING WORKS
Hats Cleaned and Blocked
Expert Fur Repairing and Remodeling
3186 SIXTEENTH STREET, Near Guerrero

RENEW PLEDGES FOR AMENDMENT.

Continued effort for ratification of the child labor amendment was pledged by the National Congress of Parents and Teachers at their convention held at Dallas, Texas.

Similar action was taken by the National League of Women Voters at its convention in Richmond, Virginia, April 16-22.

Similar action was taken also by the American Association of University Women at its convention held in Indianapolis, Indiana, April 6-14.

The action taken by these organizations followed discussion and convention resolutions stressing the importance of correcting the misrepresentations that have been widely circulated concerning the amendment, its purpose, and its meaning.

With these three national organizations of women, whose combined membership runs into the millions, pledging renewed support to the child labor amendment, it is predicted that a considerable change in public sentiment concerning the amendment will take place before the legislatures meet again. The women leaders insist that it is only necessary to make clear to the public the actual facts as to the conditions of child labor in the states to secure the necessary co-operation for remedying the evils.

Statements to the effect that adverse action of state legislatures constituted no legal bar to ultimate ratification of the amendment have been confirmed during the past week by an official investigation conducted at the request of Senator William J. Harris of Georgia, by the legislative reference service of Congress. In a detailed report on the subject the congressional legislative experts say:

1. That a constitutional amendment once submitted by Congress to the states for ratification is not subject to withdrawal or repeal, but remains before the states until ratified.
2. States which have ratified cannot reverse that action.
3. States which have rejected the proposal can at any time vote to ratify it.

No one is more worthy of contempt than the trade unionist who ignores the union label, card or button when spending money.

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\$35.00
 2554-56 MISSION STREET

Exceptional Values in Guaranteed All Wool Suits
 Complete line of Union Made Furnishings
 "WHAT'S NEW WE SHOW"

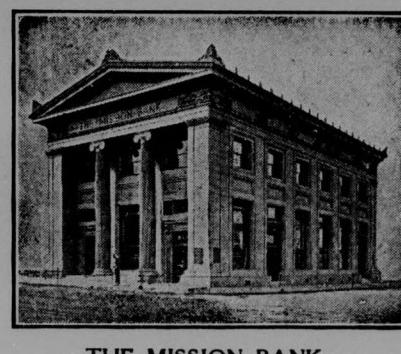
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\$35.00
 Next to
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SHIRTS — UNDERWEAR — TIES
 \$1.85 to \$3.15 \$1.25, \$2, \$2.65, \$4.75 95c to \$1.85
 UNION-MADE and sold direct from FACTORY-TO-WEARER
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 On every one of these items

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THE COST--Slightly over One Cent a Day
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Leave your valuables in a Safe Deposit Box or Store Your Suit Cases, Bulky Packages, and Trunks in this Bank while on your vacation. Storage Rates on Application.

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 Sixteenth Street and Julian Avenue

SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL**Synopsis of Minutes of July 3, 1925.**

Meeting called to order at 8:15 p. m., by President Wm. Stanton.

Roll Call of Officers—Vice-President Baker excused; Delegates Hopkins appointed vice-president pro tem.

Reading Minutes—Minutes of the previous meeting approved as printed in the Labor Clarion.

Credentials—United Laborers, P. J. Leary, F. Donigan. Miscellaneous Employes, Wm. Lamouroux, Alfred Price, George Riley, Ed. Fennessy, James Howie, Thomas Cook, Glenn Strueckel, Harry Hall. Waitresses, Maud Hardy Dahlquist, Mary Everson, Marguerite Finkenbinder, Nellie Hooper, Lettie Howard, Sadie Martin, Della McAdams, Martha McCox, Laura Molleda, Gussie Neubert. Delegates seated.

Communications—Filed—From Miscellaneous Employes, stating that James Howie, has been elected Secretary-Treasurer of their organization. From President Green of the American Federation

of Labor, inclosing copy of letter received from the Acting-Secretary of the Interior, relative to the Hetch-Hetchy Power subject.

Referred to Executive Committee—From Janitors Union No. 9, and from the Theatrical Federation, requesting Council to place the Class A Theatre, Fillmore and Sutter, and the Opal Theatre, 16th and Mission on the unfair list.

Referred to Law and Legislative Committee—Constitution and By-Laws of the Egg Inspectors Union.

Referred to Labor Clarion—From the U. S. Veterans' Bureau, regarding hospitalization service.

Request Complied With—From the Grocery Clerks' Union, circular letter inclosing list of unfair chain stores and requesting that said letter be posted in Headquarters.

Report of Executive Committee—In the matter of the request of the Riggers and Stevedores for endorsement of their appeal for assistance from the affiliated unions, committee recommends endorsement as requested in behalf of the Riggers and Stevedores Union. Concurred in.

Reports of Unions—Lithographers—Requested

assistance of all delegates to urge upon all Breweries to have their lithographing done in union shops. Lumbermen—Will parade on Labor Day; are making progress. Auto Mechanics—inaugurated the quarterly button; are progressing very nicely in organizing shops. Grocery Clerks—Will parade on Labor Day.

Label Section—Are making elaborate preparations for Labor Day; W. G. Desepete was elected Label Agent.

Auditing Committee—Reported favorably on all bills and warrants were ordered drawn for same.

Council adjourned at 8:40 p. m.

Fraternally submitted,
JOHN A. O'CONNELL, Secretary.

SEVEN AGES OF HAPPINESS.

Thus does Life allot the Seven Ages of Man's Happiness:

At twenty years of age he is certain happiness is to be found in marrying the girl he is in love with.

At thirty he discovers that work is the real source of happiness.

At forty he finds that children offer the means of happiness.

At fifty charity and devotion to the community seem to point the way to happiness.

At sixty philosophy suggests the road to happiness.

At seventy he learns that grandchildren hold the key to happiness.

At eighty he realizes at last that true happiness is to be found only in tobacco.

But you'll have to ask someone "older'n we be" if Life is right.

SELL SHIRTS!

UNIONISTS—fight prison-made goods. Sell Suprisma UNION MADE work and dress shirts. Make \$15-\$35 weekly in spare time. Highest quality, lowest prices, all styles and fabrics. Samples furnished. Liberal commissions in advance.

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2415 MISSION—Near 20th

Lowest prices and biggest values in Dry Goods, Furnishings, Groceries, Shoes and Tobacco

Every sale backed by our IRON CLAD MONEY BACK GUARANTEE

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SUTTER AND PIERCE STREETS

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**SELECT SOCIAL
DANCE
EVERY NIGHT**

LADIES 25c GENTS 50c
(EXCEPT SATURDAY, SUNDAY AND HOLIDAYS)

Kentucky's Finest Old Burley

Blended with just enough
mild, old Virginia leaf, to
make a smoke as smooth,
mellow and delightful as
rare old wine.



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Member Associated Savings Banks of San Francisco
526 California Street, San Francisco, Cal.

JUNE 30th, 1925

Assets	\$102,232,604.33
Capital, Reserve and Contingent Funds	4,100,000.00
Employees' Pension Fund	479,081.25

MISSION BRANCH	Mission and 21st Streets
PARK-PRESIDIO BRANCH	Clement St. and 7th Ave.
HAIGHT STREET BRANCH	Haight and Belvedere Streets
WEST PORTAL BRANCH	West Portal Ave. and Ulloa St.

Interest paid on Deposits at the rate of
FOUR AND ONE-QUARTER (4 1/4) per cent per annum,
COMPUTED MONTHLY and COMPOUNDED QUARTERLY,
AND MAY BE WITHDRAWN QUARTERLY

FATHER YORKE MEMORIAL.

Plans are being completed today for an organized appeal to San Francisco labor unions for subscriptions to the "Father Yorke Memorial High School" campaign, according to announcement by the California chairman of the drive.

Widespread enthusiasm attending the drive among San Franciscans of all races and creeds gives promise that the late Father Yorke's beloved home city will "go over the top" in subscribing funds for the \$1,000,000 Catholic high school for boys to be erected in the Mission district as a memorial to the beloved priest.

With over two-thirds of the San Francisco quota already in hand in subscriptions and pledges at the completion of the first month of the drive, in spite of delays caused by the vacation season, it is expected that the local campaign will be concluded within another month.

Campaign executives meet this Friday night at

campaign headquarters in the Grant Building to receive reports from the various branches of the campaign organization, including team captains of the 1500 volunteer men and women workers making a canvass of the city for funds. As soon as the San Francisco canvass is completed branch organizations will be set up in Los Angeles, Fresno, Oakland, Sacramento and other cities in California and throughout the United States. Although no funds have yet been solicited outside of San Francisco, scattered contributions from nearly every state in the nation are being received at the campaign headquarters here.

A minimum donation of \$20 has been fixed, with 20 months in which to make payments. Those wishing to send in subscriptions or pledges before the campaign solicitors reach them may do so at the Grant Building headquarters, Seventh and Market streets, or at the Hibernia Savings and Loan Society, which is depository and treasurer for the campaign.



What to do when a Light goes out

If the trouble is with a single Lamp, it may be due either to a broken filament in the Lamp or to a defective Socket.

Often a Lamp with a broken filament can be temporarily restored to service by tapping it lightly. It is well to try another Lamp in the same Socket. Also try the "dead" Lamp in a different Socket. These tests will determine whether the fault is with the Lamp or the Socket.

If the trouble is in the Socket it is better to send for an electrician than to try to make the repair yourself.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
P.G. and E.
"PACIFIC SERVICE"

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DRINK CASWELL'S COFFEE
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Enlightened humanity threw off the yoke of military aristocracy. How long will it take the hosts, served by the union label, to outlaw industrial exploitation?

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Patronize White Laundries Only!

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IT PAYS TO BUY

BENDER'S SHOES
FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY

2412 Mission Street Near Twentieth
Martha Washington Shoes Buster Brown Shoes

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Invitations, Menus, Dance Programs
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Union Label Water Marked Paper Always on Hand

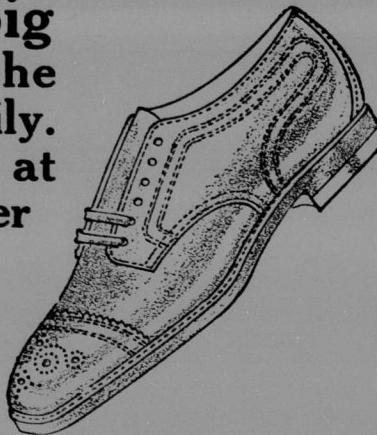
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NEAR POSTOFFICE SAN FRANCISCO

Men's Shoe Sale

RIGHT NOW! The big outstanding Shoe Sale of the season for you and your family. Standard high grade makes at mere fractions of their former prices—

\$3.95 \$4.95

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TANS or BLACK**



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UNION
SHOE
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B. KATSCHEINSKI
Philadelphia Shoe Co.
825 MARKET ST. MISSION AT 224
SAN FRANCISCO
525 FOURTEENTH ST. OAKLAND

**MISSION STORE
OPEN
SATURDAY
EVENINGS
Until 9:30**

Brief Items of Interest

The following members of San Francisco unions died during the past week: Elizabeth Foote of the bindery women, John A. Bergstrand of the carmen, Cornelius J. Carroll of the teamsters, Frederick Smith of the barbers, Thomas J. Sullivan of the teamsters, Edgar L. Buckner of the carmen, Henry T. Meade of the printers, Frank J. O'Shea of the glass workers.

The following delegates were seated at the last meeting of the Labor Council: United Laborers—P. J. Leary, F. Donigan. Miscellaneous Employees—Wm. Lamoureux, Alfred Price, George Riley, Ed Fennessy, James Howie, Thomas Cook, Glenn Strueckel, Harry Hall. Waitresses—Maud Hardy Dahlquist, Mary Everson, Marguerite Finkenbinder, Nellie Hooper, Lettie Howard, Sadie Martin, Della McAdams, Martha McCox, Laura Molleda, Gussie Neubert.

Last Saturday morning's marriage licenses revealed the fact that William T. Bonsor, former president of the Labor Council, and Madaline Price had stolen a march on their many friends and were quietly married and departed to unknown regions on a honeymoon. It is expected they will shortly be back in the city to receive the congratulations of their friends and will most likely reside on Naples street, the home of the groom.

W. G. Deseppe has been elected label agent of the Label Section of the Labor Council and will devote his entire time to the duties of that office.

in the future. The object is to create a healthy demand for the union label, card and button in this vicinity.

The Miscellaneous Employees' Union has elected James Howie secretary-treasurer of the organization and has so notified the Labor Council of the change.

The regular meeting of the Joint Labor Day Committee will be held tomorrow night at 8 o'clock in the Labor Temple, and as the time is getting short it is earnestly desired that all members of the committee who can possibly do so be in attendance at the meetings from now on. Very important questions will be up for decision at almost every meeting between now and Labor Day.

The annual picnic of the Letter Carriers last Sunday at California Park, in Marin County, was a splendid success, the attendance being large and the amusements greatly enjoyed by all of those fortunate enough to be able to participate in them. The proceeds of the picnic go into the benefit fund of the organization.

Election of delegates to the Detroit convention of the National Association of Letter Carriers will take place by the San Francisco local tomorrow. A large number of candidates are in the field and a spirited contest is looked for in making the selection of men to represent San Francisco at the gathering.

BOXING
Oakland Auditorium
Every Wednesday
SHOW STARTS 8:30 P. M.

A record turnout for the Labor Day parade is promised by the Federal Employees' Union, according to J. P. Thompson, vice-president, who stated that only the requirements of government service would keep the full membership from entering the line of march. The present membership of the union is slightly over 700.

All union teamsters throughout the Bay region will be represented in the Labor Day parade in San Francisco, September 7, according to M. E. Decker, secretary, Joint Council of Teamsters, who said that policies looking to that end were formulated at the last meeting of the council.

Although funds for a drive for members will not be available until the first of the year, when the increase in dues recently voted for that purpose by the Sailors' Union goes into effect, the local is now adding to its membership each week as the result of organization activities recently begun.

Waiters' Union No. 30 at its last meeting elected Hugo Ernst and L. A. Francoeur as its delegates to the convention of Hotel and Restaurant Employees' International Alliance, which convenes at Montreal, Canada, August 10, 1925.

CORNELIUS CARROLL DEAD.

Cornelius (Con.) Carroll, veteran financial officer of the Brotherhood of Teamsters of this city since its organization nearly twenty-five years ago, passed away in this city last Tuesday following a stroke of paralysis suffered some time ago. Carroll was 70 years of age at the time of his death and had continued to look after the financial affairs of his organization until confined to his home with sickness. Carroll was noted in the labor movement for his devotion to the interests of his organization and he watched the finances of the union with a zeal exceeded by but few officials. He scrutinized every expenditure and did not hesitate to face unpopularity when occasion required it in order to oppose the disbursing of money in ways that did not appeal to him as wise or safe, and as a consequence the union built up a treasury of thousands of dollars, with small dues, during his incumbency of the office. The funeral was held yesterday and interment was in Holy Cross Cemetery.

PRODUCTION EXCEEDS BUYING POWER

While surface thinkers insist that trade unions "limit production," students of industry declare that the nation's producing capacity is far in excess of its buying power.

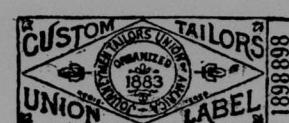
This point was again brought out in the latest weekly market letters issued by Hayden, Stone & Company and Moody's, of New York. In referring the general business situation, the former said:

"Plant capacity is so much in excess of average consumption that it cannot be expected that this will be fully employed except for very limited periods."

In its comment on the excess of idle capital in large banks, the Moody letter said:

"This plethora of capital is due not to any extreme dullness of trade, but to the fact that producing capacity is so well up to requirements that there is a dearth of opportunity for employing funds in additional capacity. The difficulty is to find something to produce."

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